The following formulae will be used in business management external assessment. A copy of the formulae will be provided to students for the examination.

Formulae for ratio analysis (SL/HL)

Profitability ratios (SL/HL)

 $Gross \ profit \ margin = \frac{gross \ profit}{sales \ revenue} \times 100$

Net profit margin = $\frac{\text{net profit before interest and tax}}{\text{sales revenue}} \times 100$

Liquidity ratios (SL/HL)

 $Current ratio = \frac{current assets}{current liabilities}$

Acid test (quick) ratio = $\frac{\text{current assets} - \text{stock}}{\text{current liabilities}}$

Efficiency ratios (SL/HL)

Return on capital employed (ROCE) = $\frac{\text{net profit before interest and tax}}{\text{capital employed}} \times 100$

where capital employed = loan capital (or long-term liabilities) + share capital + retained profit

Efficiency ratios (HL only)

Stock turnover (number of times) = $\frac{\text{cost of goods sold}}{\text{average stock}}$

or

Stock turnover (number of days) = $\frac{\text{average stock}}{\text{cost of goods sold}} \times 365$

where cost of goods sold is an approximation of total credit purchases

and *average stock* = $\frac{\text{opening stock} + \text{closing stock}}{2}$

Debtor days ratio (number of days) = $\frac{\text{debtors}}{\text{total sales revenue}} \times 365$

where total sales revenue is an approximation of total credit sales

Creditor days ratio (number of days) = $\frac{\text{creditors}}{\text{cost of goods sold}} \times 365$

where cost of goods sold is an approximation of total credit purchases

Gearing ratio = $\frac{\text{loan capital}}{\text{capital employed}} \times 100$

where capital employed = loan capital (or long-term liabilities) + share capital + retained profit

Other formulae (SL/HL)

Investment appraisal

SL/HL

Average rate of return (ARR) = $\frac{(\text{total returns} - \text{capital cost}) \div \text{years of use}}{\text{capital cost}} \times 100$

HL only

Net present value (NPV) = \sum present values of return – original cost

Capacity utilization and productivity (HL only)

Capacity utilization rate = $\frac{\text{actual output}}{\text{productive capacity}} \times 100$

Productivity rate = $\frac{\text{total output}}{\text{total input}} \times 100$