

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK (SUMMER BREAK)

CLASS XI - 2015-16

SUB : MATHEMATICS

QUESTION BANK

CHAPTERS COVERED: 1. Sets 2. Relation & Functions 3. Trigonometry

1. Write the set of all positive integers whose cube is odd.

2. Describe the following set in Roster form:

a) $\{x: x \text{ is a prime no. which is a divisor of } 60\}$

b) $\{x: x \text{ is a two digit no. such that the sum of its digits is } 7\}$

3. Write the set in set builder form:

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{10}, \frac{4}{17}, \frac{5}{26}, \frac{6}{37}, \frac{7}{50} \right\}$$

4. Which of the following sets are empty sets?

1. $D = \{x: x^2 = 25, \text{ \& } x \text{ is an odd integer}\}$

2. $E = \{x: x^2 - 2 = 0 \text{ \& } x \text{ is rational}\}$

3. $A = \{x: x \text{ is a point common to any two parallel lines}\}$

5. Which of the following sets are equal?

$A = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N}, x < 3\}$, $B = \{1, 2\}$, $C = \{3, 1\}$,

$D = \{x: x \in \mathbb{N}, x \text{ is odd}, x < 5\}$, $E = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$F = \{1, 1, 3\}$, $G = \{1, 2, 1, 1\}$

6. Consider the following sets: ϕ , $A = \{1, 2\}$,

$B = \{1, 4, 8\}$, $C = \{1, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$

Insert the correct symbol \subset or ϕ between each of the following pair of sets:

i) ϕ — B

ii) A — B

iii) A — C

iv) B — C

7. Describe among the following sets, which are subsets of which:

$A = \{x; x \text{ satisfies } x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0\}$, $B = \{2, 4, 6\}$

$C = \{2, 4, 6, 8, \dots\}$, $D = \{6\}$

8. For sets $A, B \subset C$, using property of sets, prove that

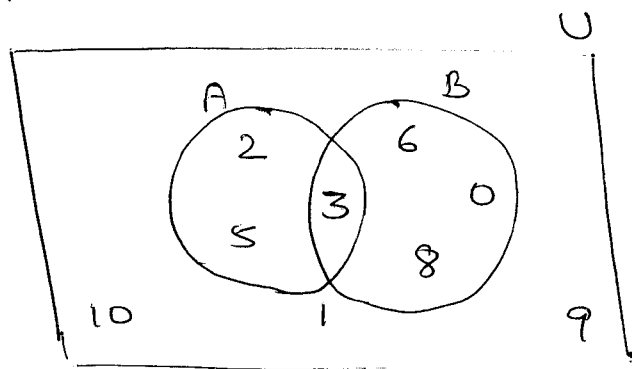
i) $A - (B - C) = (A - B) \cup (A \cap C)$

ii) $(A \cup B) - C = (A - C) \cup (B - C)$

iii) $(A - B) \cap A = A \cap B'$

iv) $A - (B \cup C) = (A - B) \cap (A - C)$

9. From the adjoining Venn diagram, determine the following sets.



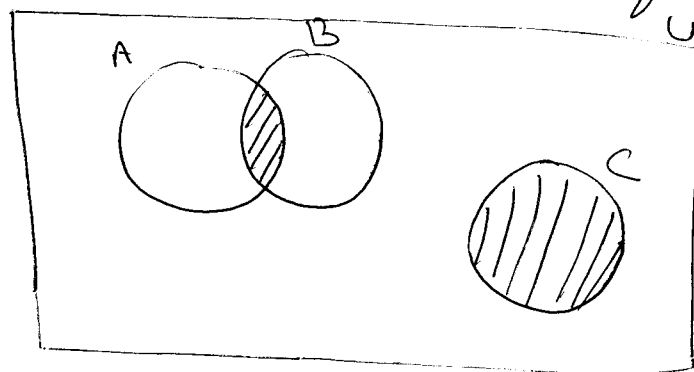
i) $A \cup B$

ii) $A \cap B$

iii) $A - B$

iv) $(A \cap B)'$

10. Express the shaded region of the Venn diagram in terms of union & intersection of the sets, $A, B \subset C$



Also, if $n(U) = 50$, $n(A) = 26$, $n(C) = 12$, $n(A \cap B) = 20$ & $n(A' \cap B') = 27$, find $n(B)$

11. Let $U = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : x \leq 8\}$, $A = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : 5 < x^2 < 50\}$

& $B = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : x \text{ is a prime no. less than } 10\}$

Draw a Venn diagram to show the relationship

between the given sets. Hence list the elements of

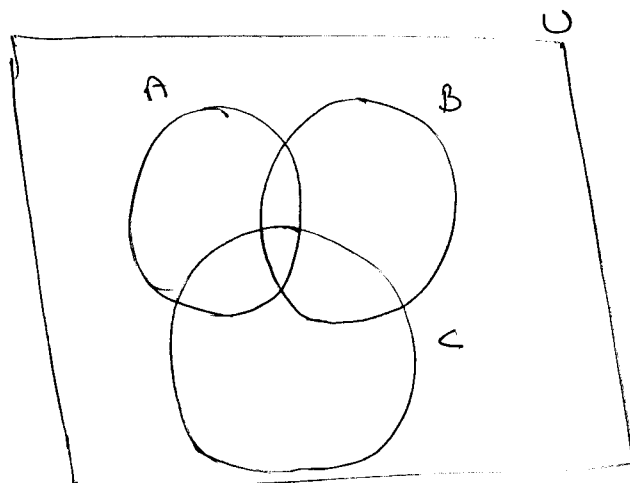
the following sets i) A' ii) B' iii) $(A-B)$ iv) $A \cap B'$

v) $1 \text{ \& } A-B = A \cap B'$

12. Two finite sets have $m + n$ elements. The total no. of subsets of the first set is 56 more than the total no. of subsets of second set. Find the values of m & n

13. Shade the following sets on the Venn diagram:

i) $A' \cap (B \cup C)$ ii) $A' \cap (C - B)$



14. Classify the following as a finite or infinite set:

i) $\{x \in \mathbb{N} : (x-1)(x-2) = 0\}$ ii) $\{x \in \mathbb{N} : x^2 = 9\}$

iii) $\{x \in \mathbb{N} : x \text{ is odd}\}$

15. In a survey of 100 persons it was found that 28 read magazine A, 30 read magazine B, 42 read magazine C, 10 read magazines A & B, 10 read magazines A & C, 5 read magazines B & C & 3 read all the three magazines. Find:

i) How many read none of three magazines?

ii) How many read magazine C only?

15. A survey was conducted on the T.V programmes watched by 120 students of a school hostel. It was revealed that 70 students watched 'Discovery Channel' & 56 students watched 'Sports Channel', where as 24 watched both the programmes. Find the no. of students who did not watch T.V on that day.

17. In a survey conducted on a group of 2000 people, it is found that 1450 liked product A & 1720 people liked product B. What is the least no. of people who liked both the products A & B?

18. Find x & y , if $(x+3, 5) = (6, 2x+y)$

19. Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be given by $f(x) = x^2 + 3$

Find i) $\{x: f(x) = 28\}$ ii) The pre-images of 39 & 2 under f .

20. Determine the domain & range of the relation R defined by

$$R = \{(x+1, x+5)\} : x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

21. If $A \times B = \{(a, 1), (a, 2), (a, 5), (b, 2), (b, 5), (b, 1)\}$ find $B \times A$.

22. Let A & B be two sets such that $A \times B$ consist of 6 elements. If three elements of $A \times B$ are $(1, 4), (2, 6), (3, 6)$ find i) $A \times B$

23. Given $A = \{-1, 0, 2, 5, 6, 11\}$, $B = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 8, 10\}$

$f(x) = x^2 - x - 2$. Find $f(A)$. Is $f(A) \subseteq B$?

24. Is $g = \{(1, 1), (2, 3), (3, 5), (4, 7)\}$ a function?

If this is described by formula $g(x) = \alpha x + \beta$,

then what values should be assigned to α & β

25. Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be such that $f(x) = 2^x$. Determine

i) $\{x : f(x) = 1\}$ ii) whether $f(x+y) = f(x) \cdot f(y)$ holds

26. If $A = \{a, b, c\}$; $B = \{d\}$, $C = \{e\}$. verify that
 $A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$.

27. Find the domain of the following functions:

i) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$

ii) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x + 3}{x^2 - 1}$

iii) $f(x) = x/|x|$

iv) $f(x) = \frac{3x}{2x - 8}$

v) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$

vi) $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2}$

28. ~~Find~~ Find the range of the following functions

i) $f(x) = \frac{3}{2-x^2}$

ii) $f(x) = 1 - |x-2|$

iii) $f(x) = \sqrt{16-x^2}$

iv) $f(x) = \frac{|x-4|}{x-4}$

29. Draw the graph of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3-x, & x > 1 \\ 1, & x = 1 \\ 2x, & x < 1 \end{cases}$$

30. Let $f(x) = f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ & $g(x) = x$ be two functions, defined in the domain $\mathbb{R}^+ \cup \{0\}$. Find

1) $(fg)(x)$ ii) $(f-g)(x)$ iii) $(fg)(x)$ iv) $(\frac{f}{g})(x)$

31. Express each of the following in sexagesimal system

i) $\frac{\pi}{5}$ ii) $\frac{\pi}{12}$ iii) $\frac{\pi}{8}$ iv) $\frac{1}{4}$ v) -3

32. Find the angle in degrees subtended at the centre of a circle by an arc whose length is 2.2 times the radius

33. Express each of the following angles in radians:

i) 300° ii) $5^\circ 37' 30''$ iii) $-32^\circ 30'$ iv) 225° v) 450°

34. A train is travelling on a curve of 700 m radius at 14 km/hr. Through what angle will it turn in one minute.

35. Find the angle between the minute hand & the hour hand of a clock when the time is 7:20

36. The difference between two acute angles of a right angled triangle is $\frac{3\pi}{10}$ radians. Express the angles in degrees

37. Find the value of

i) $\tan(-1125^\circ)$ ii) $\csc(660^\circ)$ iii) $\sin(-330^\circ)$

iv) $\cot 225^\circ$ v) $\tan(\text{angle}) \cos 510^\circ$

38. Prove that

i) $\tan 225^\circ \cot 405^\circ + \tan 765^\circ \cot 675^\circ = 0$

ii) $\tan \frac{11\pi}{3} - 2 \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{3}{4} \csc^2 \frac{\pi}{4} + 4 \cot^2 \frac{17\pi}{6} = \frac{3-4\sqrt{3}}{2}$

39. If $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$, & $\cos B = \frac{-5}{13}$, where $0 < A < \frac{\pi}{2}$,
 $\frac{\pi}{2} < B < \pi$,

Find the value of $\cos(A-B)$

40. Find the value of

i) $\sin 32^\circ \cos 28^\circ + \cos 32^\circ \sin 28^\circ$

ii) $\cos 25^\circ 35' \cos 34^\circ 25' - \sin 25^\circ 35' \sin 34^\circ 25'$

iii) $\frac{\tan 69^\circ + \tan 66^\circ}{1 - \tan 69^\circ \tan 66^\circ}$

41. Simplify.

i) $\frac{\sin(180^\circ + \theta) \cos(360^\circ - \theta) \tan(270^\circ - \theta)}{\sec^2(90^\circ + \theta) \tan(-\theta) \sin(270^\circ + \theta)}$

ii) $\frac{\cos(2\pi + \theta) \operatorname{cosec}(2\pi + \theta) \tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + \theta)}{\sec(\frac{\pi}{2} + \theta) \cot \theta \cot(\pi + \theta)}$

42. Prove that

i) $\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{A}{2}\right) - \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{8} - \frac{A}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin A$

ii) $\tan 13A - \tan 7A - \tan 6A = \tan 13A \tan 7A \tan 6A$.

43. Draw the graph of

i) $\sin x$, $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$

ii) $\tan x$, $0 < x < \pi$

44. If $\tan(A+B) = m$ & $\tan(A-B) = n$, show that

i) $\tan 2A = \frac{m+n}{1-mn}$ ii) $\tan 2B = \frac{m-n}{1+mn}$

45. Prove each of the following:

$$i) \frac{\sin \alpha - \sin \beta}{\cos \beta - \cos \alpha} = \cot \left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \right)$$

$$ii) \frac{\sin 75^\circ - \sin 15^\circ}{\cos 75^\circ + \cos 15^\circ} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$iii) \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + A \right) \cdot \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - A \right) = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2A$$

$$iv) \cos A + \cos(120^\circ - A) + \cos(120^\circ + A) = 0$$

$$v) (\cos \alpha + \cos \beta)^2 + (\sin \alpha + \sin \beta)^2 = 4 \cos^2 \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$vi) 2 \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{13} \right) \cos \frac{9\pi}{13} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{13} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{13} = 0$$

$$vii) \frac{\sin A + \sin 3A}{\cos A + \cos 3A} = \tan 2A$$

$$viii) 2 \cos \theta = \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + 2 \cos 4\theta}}$$

$$ix) \frac{\sec 80^\circ - 1}{\sec 40^\circ - 1} = \frac{\tan 80^\circ}{\tan 20^\circ}$$

$$x) 2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha \right) \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \beta \right) = \cos(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)$$

46. If $\sin \theta + \sin \phi = a$ & $\cos \theta + \cos \phi = b$,

find the values of $\tan \left(\frac{\theta + \phi}{2} \right)$, $\tan \left(\frac{\theta - \phi}{2} \right)$.

47. If $\tan \theta + \sin \theta = m$ & $\tan \theta - \sin \theta = n$, show that $m^2 - n^2 = 4\sqrt{mn}$.

48. If $\sec A = x + \frac{1}{4x}$, then prove that $\sec A + \tan A = 2x$ or $\frac{1}{2x}$.

49. Express each as the product

i) $\sin 32^\circ + \sin 54^\circ$

ii) $\cos 31^\circ - \cos 71^\circ$

iii) $\cos 60^\circ + \cos 40^\circ$

iv) $\cos \theta - \cos \frac{7\theta}{2}$.

ANSWER KEY

1. $\{2n+1, n \in \mathbb{Z}, n > 0\}$

2. b) $\{16, 25, 34, 43, 52, 61, 70\}$ a) $\{2, 13, 5\}$

3. $\left\{\frac{n}{n^2+1}; n \in \mathbb{N}, n \leq 7\right\}$

4. 1. D is non-empty set.

2. E is empty set

3. A empty set

5. Equal sets = $B=D, C=F$

Equivalent sets = A, E, H ; B, D, G ; C, F

6. i) $\phi \subset B$ ii) $A \not\subset B$ iii) $B \subset C$ iv) $B \subset C$

7. $D \subset A \subset B \subset C$

9. i) $\{0, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8\}$ ii) $\{3\}$ iii) $\{2, 5\}$

iv) $\{0, 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12\}$

10. i) $(A \cap B) \cup C$ ii) 17

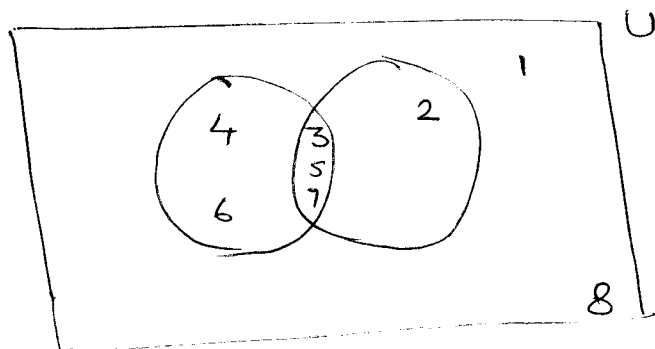
11. i) $\{1, 2, 8\}$

ii) $\{1, 4, 6, 8\}$

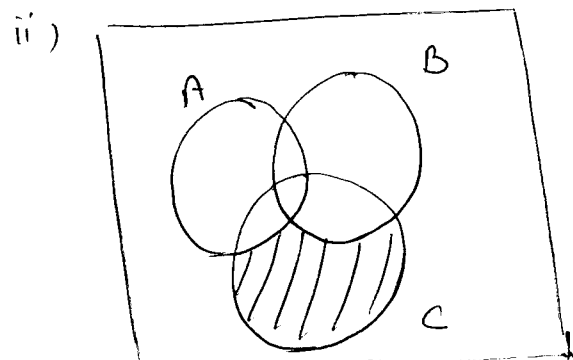
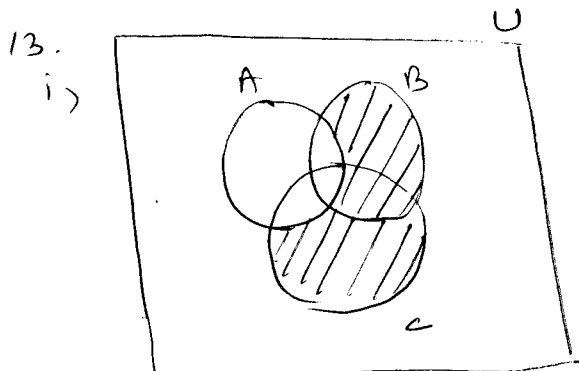
iii) $\{4, 6\}$

iv) $\{4, 6\}$

v) Yes



12. $n=3$ & $m=6$



14. i) Finite ii) finite iii) infinite

15. i) 20 ii) 30

16. 18.

17. 1170

18. $x=3, y=-1$

19. i) $\{-5, 5\}$ ii) ± 6 ; does not exist

20. Domain = $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

Range = $\{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

21. $B \times A = \{(1, a), (2, a), (5, a), (1, b), (2, b), (5, b)\}$

22. i) $A \times B = \{(1, 4), (2, 4), (3, 4), (1, 6), (2, 6), (3, 6)\}$

ii) $B \times A = \{(4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (6, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3)\}$

23. i) $f(A) = \{0, -2, 18, 28, 108\}$

$f(A) \neq B$

24. yes, $\alpha=2, \beta=-1$

25. i) $\{0\}$, ii) yes

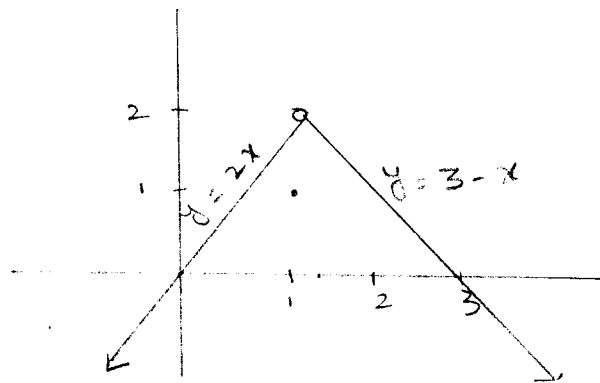
27. i) $R = \{-1, -2\}$ ii) $R = \{1, -1\}$ iii) R

iv) $R = \{4\}$ v) $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$ vi) $x \neq \pm 1$

28. i) $(-\infty, 0] \cup (\frac{3}{2}, \infty)$ ii) $(-\infty, 1)$ iii) $(-4, 4)$

iv) $\{-1, 1\}$

29.



30. i) $\sqrt{x} + x$ ii) $\sqrt{x} - x$ iii) $x^{3/2}$ iv) $x^{1/2} (x \neq 0)$

31. i) 36° ii) 15° iii) $22^\circ 30'$ iv) $14^\circ 19' 54''$

32. 126°

33. i) $\frac{5\pi}{8}$ ii) $\frac{\pi}{32}$ iii) $-\frac{13\pi}{72}$ iv) $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ v) $5\pi/2$

34. $\frac{1}{3}$ 35) 100° 36) $72^\circ, 18^\circ$

37. i) -1 ii) $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ iii) $\frac{1}{2}$ iv) 1 v) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

39. $\frac{23}{65}$ 40. i) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ ii) $\frac{1}{2}$ iii) -1

41. i) $-\sin\theta \cos^2\theta$

ii) -1